

数学分析习题课教案(2021.12.19)

叶胥达 abneryepku@pku.edu.cn

2023 年 9 月 15 日

1. 计算下列混合型三角函数不定积分:

$$(1) \int x \tan^2 x dx$$

$$(2) \int \frac{x^2 \sin^2 x}{(x + \sin x \cos x)^2} dx$$

$$(3) \int \frac{x^2}{(x \cos x - \sin x)(x \cos x + \sin x)} dx$$

解 (1) 注意到原积分可写为

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \int x \sin^2 x d \tan x \\ &= x \sin^2 x \tan x - \int \tan x (\sin^2 x + 2x \sin x \cos x) dx \\ &= x \sin^2 x \tan x - \int \tan x \sin^2 x dx - 2 \int x \sin^2 x dx \end{aligned}$$

其中,

$$I_1 = \int \tan x \sin^2 x dx = \int \tan x (1 - \cos^2 x) dx = \frac{1}{4} \cos 2x - \log |\cos x| + C$$

$$I_2 = \int x \sin^2 x dx = \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{1}{8} \cos 2x - \frac{1}{2} x \sin x \cos x + C$$

故

$$\begin{aligned} I &= x \sin^2 x \tan x - I_1 - 2I_2 \\ &= -\frac{x^2}{2} + x \tan x + \log |\cos x| + C \end{aligned}$$

(2) 注意到

$$d\left(\frac{1}{x + \sin x \cos x}\right) = -\frac{2 \cos^2 x}{(x + \sin x \cos x)^2}$$

因此由分部积分公式, 原积分为

$$\begin{aligned} I &= -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^2 \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} d\left(\frac{1}{x + \sin x \cos x}\right) \\ &= -\frac{x^2 \tan^2 x}{2(x + \sin x \cos x)} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x + \sin x \cos x} d(x^2 \tan^2 x) \end{aligned}$$

注意到

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^2 \tan^2 x) = 2x \tan^2 x + \frac{2x^2 \tan x}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{2x \sin x}{\cos^3 x} (x + \sin x \cos x)$$

因此原积分为

$$I = -\frac{x^2 \tan^2 x}{2(x + \sin x \cos x)} + \int \frac{x \sin x}{\cos^3 x} dx \quad (1)$$

下面我们来计算不定积分

$$J = \int \frac{x \sin x}{\cos^3 x} dx$$

容易看出

$$\begin{aligned} J &= \int x \tan x d(\tan x) \\ &= x \tan^2 x - \int \left(\tan x + \frac{x}{\cos^2 x} \right) \tan x dx \\ &= x \tan^2 x - \int \tan^2 x dx - J \\ &= \frac{x}{\cos^2 x} - \tan x - J \end{aligned}$$

因此

$$J = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x}{\cos^2 x} - \tan x \right) + C \quad (2)$$

结合 (1)(2) 我们得到

$$\begin{aligned} I &= -\frac{x^2 \tan^2 x}{2(x + \sin x \cos x)} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x}{\cos^2 x} - \tan x \right) + C \\ &= \frac{x^2 + \cos x - 1}{2(x + \sin x \cos x)} + C \end{aligned}$$

(3) 注意到

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x^2}{(x \cos x - \sin x)(x \sin x + \cos x)} &= \frac{x \cos x}{x \sin x + \cos x} + \frac{x \sin x}{x \cos x - \sin x} \\ &= \frac{(x \sin x + \cos x)'}{x \sin x + \cos x} - \frac{(x \cos x - \sin x)'}{x \cos x - \sin x} \end{aligned}$$

故原积分为

$$I = \log \left| \frac{x \sin x + \cos x}{x \cos x - \sin x} \right| + C$$

2. 计算下列混合型对数不定积分:

(1) $\int \frac{\ln(3x+7)}{x^2} dx;$

(2) $\int \frac{\ln(\sin x)}{\sin^2 x}.$

解 (1) 作换元 $t = 1/x$, 则原积分

$$\begin{aligned} I &= - \int \log\left(\frac{3}{t} + 7\right) dt \\ &= - \int \log(3 + 7t) dt + \int \log t dt \\ &= - \left(t + \frac{3}{7}\right) \log(7t + 3) + t \log t + C \\ &= \frac{3x \log x - (3x + 7) \log(3x + 7)}{7x} + C \end{aligned}$$

(2) 利用分部积分可得

$$\begin{aligned} I &= - \int \ln(\sin x) d \cot x \\ &= - \frac{\ln \sin x}{\tan x} + \int \frac{1}{\tan^2 x} dx \\ &= - \frac{\ln \sin x}{\tan x} - x - \frac{1}{\tan x} + C \end{aligned}$$